## INFORMATION

## ON THE MEDIA SITUATION IN SLOVENIA

- The Government does not control the media, does not have ownership shares in media companies and does not impose censorship (see attachment).
- Ownership structure of the media:
- The Republic of Slovenia does not directly own shares of the printed media. Indirectly, it has small shares in Večer (10%) through the Slovenska odškodninska družba (SOD – Slovenian Compensation Company), Dnevnik (2.67%) through Mobitel, and in Primorske Novice through Luka Koper, Hit and Intereuropa (totalling 30.77%). According to the data complied by the Ministry of Culture, there are currently 915 printed media in Slovenia, including 7 dailies, 43 weeklies and 57 biweeklies.
- With the exception of the public broadcaster RTV Slovenia, the Republic of Slovenia does not have shares in any radio station. RTV Slovenia has radio channels Val 202, Radio Slovenija, Radio Koper, Radio Maribor, Pomurski madžarski radio, Radio ARS and Radio Slovenia International. Excluding the national radio station and the three largest commercial stations there are 62 radio stations in Slovenia.
- With the exception of the public broadcaster RTV Slovenia, the Republic of Slovenia does not own shares in digital media. The Republic of Slovenia owns Zavarovalnica Triglav insurance company, which is the majority owner of Triglav naložbe, finančna družba d.d., which is a minority shareholder of Info TV television station. Excluding the public broadcaster, there are 36 private TV stations in Slovenia.
- Government Communication Office Analysis: in the period August 2007 October 2007 as many as 1580 negative articles were written about the Government and its work. During the term of the Rop Government (August 2003 – October 2003) there were only 689 negative articles about the Government and its work.
- Politbarometer public opinion poll in September 2007 (Faculty of Social Sciences): Two questions referred to media independence. According to data collected, most respondents believe that reporting was more objective now (during the incumbent Government) that it was two years ago.

- Analysis of Slovenian media with regard to the attitude to economic and social reform, the Prime Minister and the cabinet, April 2006 (IRSA Institute for Development and Strategic Analyses). Findings: negative media presentation of the Government as a whole and particularly of the PM is in overwhelming majority in comparison with the more positive, there are no facts to support the presumptions that, because of alleged pressure or other reasons, the media have become 'pro-government', but rather on the contrary.
- Peace Institute Institute for Contemporary Social and Political Studies: research on the national public broadcaster – programme guidelines and the way of reporting has not changed in the last two years.
- Evaluations by international organisations assessing media freedom, and national analyses and studies in the field: Slovenia is among the countries with the highest ratings with regard to media freedom and the state of democracy. The analyses and evaluations include:

1) *Nations in Transit 2007* drawn up by the independent organisation Freedom House is a study focusing on countries in transit – **Slovenia ranks among the countries with independent media**. Despite the slightly worse result – although in 2007 ratings fell for most studied countries – Slovenia is still the first in terms of the general level of democracy in the region.

2) *Freedom of the Press* survey carried out by the same organisation which also evaluates other countries gives a similar picture: **Slovenia is in the first group of countries where the situation regarding media freedom is good** (with Australia, Austria, Hungary, Japan and France).

3) **Reporters without borders – for the freedom of press**: the 2006 report places **Slovenia among countries with the best developed media sphere**. The 2007 report describes the situation regarding media freedom as good, placing France, Spain, Italy, USA and Australia behind Slovenia.

 Various analyses in Slovenia and abroad reach fairly uniform conclusions, i.e. that media democracy and freedom in Slovenia are good and comparable on an international level.